

Q4 and Full Year 2022 Financial and Operating Results

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION



Certain statements and information herein, including all statements that are not historical facts, contain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws. The forward-looking statements include estimates, forecasts and statements as to the Company's expectations of production and sales volumes, the Company's ability to reach an agreement with the Government regarding the long term future of Cobre Panamá (including the resumption of ordinary course loading processes at the port and the delivery by MPSA of a "care and maintenance plan" and the enactment by the Ministry of any such plan), expected timing of completion of project development at Enterprise and are subject to the impact of ore grades on future production, the potential of production disruptions, potential production, operational, labour or marketing disruptions as a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic, capital expenditure and mine production costs, the outcome of mine permitting, other required permitting, the outcome of legal proceedings which involve the Company, information with respect to the future price of copper, gold, nickel, silver, iron, cobalt, pyrite, zinc and sulphuric acid, estimated mineral reserves and mineral resources, First Quantum's exploration and development program, estimated future expenses, exploration and development capital requirements, the Company's hedging policy, and goals and strategies; plans, targets and commitments regarding climate change-related physical and transition risks and opportunities (including intended actions to address such risks and opportunities), greenhouse gas emissions, energy efficiency and carbon intensity, use of renewable energy sources, design, development and operation of the Company's projects and future reporting regarding climate change and environmental matters; the Company's expectations regarding increased demand for copper; the Company's project pipeline and development and growth plans. Often, but not always, forward-loo

With respect to forward-looking statements and information contained herein, the Company has made numerous assumptions including among other things, assumptions about continuing production at all operating facilities, the price of copper, gold, nickel, silver, iron, cobalt, pyrite, zinc and sulphuric acid, anticipated costs and expenditures, the success of Company's actions and plans to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and carbon intensity of its operations and the ability to achieve the Company's goals. Forward-looking statements and information by their nature are based on assumptions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or information. These factors include, but are not limited to, future production volumes and costs, the temporary or permanent closure of uneconomic operations, costs for inputs such as oil, power and sulphur, political stability in Panamá, Zambia, Peru, Mauritania, Finland, Spain, Turkey, Argentina and Australia, adverse weather conditions in Panamá, Zambia, Finland, Spain, Turkey, Mauritania, and Australia, labour disruptions, potential social and environmental challenges (including the impact of climate change), power supply, mechanical failures, water supply, procurement and delivery of parts and supplies to the operations, the production of off-spec material and events generally impacting global economic, political and social stability. For mineral resource and mineral reserve figures appearing or referred to herein, varying cut-off grades have been used depending on the mine, method of extraction and type of ore contained in the orebody.

See the Company's Annual Information Form for additional information on risks, uncertainties and other factors relating to the forward-looking statements and information. Although the Company has attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those disclosed in the forward-looking statements or information, there may be other factors that cause actual results, performances, achievements or events not as anticipated, estimated or intended. Also, many of these factors are beyond First Quantum's control. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or information. The Company undertakes no obligation to reissue or update forward-looking statements or information as a result of new information or events after the date hereof except as may be required by law. All forward-looking statements made and information contained herein are qualified by this cautionary statement.



Q4 2022 HIGHLIGHTS



TOTAL COPPER PRODUCTION

206,007t

Higher than Q3 2022 due to higher production at Kansanshi and Sentinel

COPPER C1 CASH COSTS¹ (per lb)

\$1.86

Related to higher maintenance activities and lower by-product credits

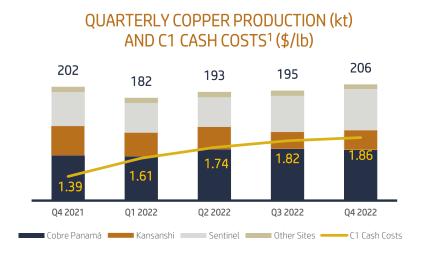
ADJUSTED EPS1

\$0.22

Increase of \$0.08 from Q3 2022 due to higher realized metal prices¹

Recent Developments

- An agreement with ZCCM-IH whereby the dividend rights in KMP have been converted to royalty rights
- Declared final dividend of CDN\$0.13 per share, for a total of CDN\$0.29 per share for the 2022 financial year
- Intention to issue a notice of partial redemption for \$450 million of 6.5% Senior Notes due March 2024 to be redeemed on February 25, 2023





¹ Adjusted earnings per share (Adjusted EPS), realized metal prices, and C1 cash cost (Copper C1) are non-GAAP financial ratios which do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

FULL YEAR 2022 HIGHLIGHTS



TOTAL COPPER PRODUCTION

775,859t

Lower than 2021 due to Kansanshi. Continued strong operational performance at Cobre Panamá

COPPER C1 CASH COSTS¹ (per lb)

\$1.76

Up 35% year-over-year attributable to inflationary pressures and lower production

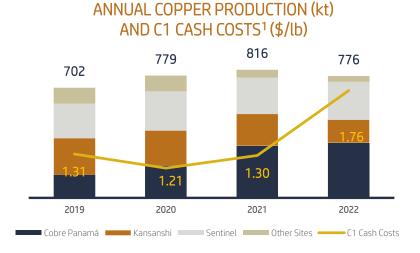
ADJUSTED FPS1

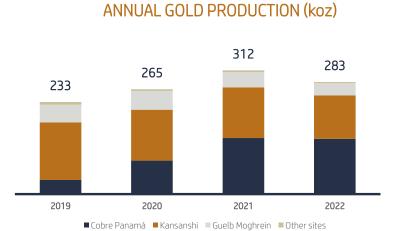
\$1.54

Increase of \$0.30 from 2022 due to higher realized metal prices² and fewer copper hedges

Highlights

- January 2022 Inaugural Climate Change Report
- March 2022 \$500 million partial redemption of 2023 Notes
- May 2022 Board approval of the S3 Expansion and Enterprise nickel project
- May 2022 Agreement reached with the Government of Zambia for repayment of VAT outstanding
- May 2022 Redemption of \$500 million outstanding 2023 Notes
- July 2022 Board approval of the Kansanshi smelter expansion
- September 2022 Long-term renewable power contract for CP100





¹ Adjusted earnings per share (Adjusted EPS), realized metals prices, and C1 cash cost (Copper C1) are non-GAAP financial ratios which do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

COBRE PANAMÁ CONTRACT DISCUSSIONS



First Quantum remains ready to reach an agreement that is fair and equitable to both parties

- > Engagement with the Government of Panamá has been ongoing for more than a year on a refreshed concession contract to secure the long-term future of Cobre Panamá
- ➤ Engagement continues. First Quantum is committed to reach an agreement but it must be a mutually beneficial outcome that provides the legal certainty that we need to help promote the sustainable development of Panamá, safeguard our thriving Panamanian workforce and protect our investment

We are prepared to agree with, and in part exceed, the objectives that the Government outlined in January 2022 related to revenues, environmental protections and labour standards:

- 1. A minimum of US\$375 million per year in Government income from royalties and taxes with downside protections that are aligned with the Government's position
- 2. A profit-based mineral royalty of 12 to 16% amongst the highest paid by copper miners in the Americas
- 3. The immediate end to an income tax holiday and the application of withholding taxes on both interest and dividends
- 4. Important environmental protections, labour standards including training and development of our Panamanian workers, and concrete benefits for the communities of the districts of Donoso and Omar Torrijos

THREE-YEAR GUIDANCE



PRODUCTION GUIDANCE							
	2023E	2024E	2025E				
Cobre Panamá	350 – 380	370 - 400	370 - 400				
Kansanshi	130 – 150	130 - 150	140 - 180				
Sentinel	260 – 280	245 - 265	245 - 265				
Other	30	20	20				
Copper production (K tonnes)	770 - 840	765 - 835	775 - 865				
Cobre Panamá	140-160	155 – 175	155 – 175				
Kansanshi	95 – 105	95 – 105	110 – 130				
Other	30	40	40				
Gold production (K ounces)	265 - 295	290 - 320	305 - 345				
Ravensthorpe	23 - 28	24 - 29	25 - 30				
Enterprise*	5 -10	10 - 20	20 - 30				
Nickel production (K tonnes)	28 - 38	34 - 49	45 - 60				

*2023 guidance for Enterprise includes 5,000 tonnes	pre-commercial production	
---	---------------------------	--

COST AND CAPEX GUIDANCE							
Copper Cost Guidance (\$/lb)	2023E	2024E	2025E				
C1 ¹	1.65 - 1.85	1.65 - 1.85	1.60 - 1.85				
AISC ¹	2.25 - 2.45	2.25 - 2.45	2.20 - 2.45				
Ravensthorpe Nickel Cost Guidance (\$/lb)	2023E	2024E	2025E				
C1 ¹	7.00 - 8.50	6.75 - 8.00	6.75 – 8.00				
AISC ¹	9.00 - 10.50	8.50 - 9.75	8.50 - 9.75				
Enterprise Nickel Cost Guidance (\$/lb)	2023E	2024E	2025E				
C1 ¹	-	4.00 – 6.00	4.00 – 6.00				
AISC ¹	-	6.50 - 9.50	6.50 - 9.50				
\$ Million	2023E	2024E	2025E				
Capitalized stripping ¹	300	300	300				
Sustaining capital ¹	430	475	500				
Project capital ¹	870	1,025	700				
Total capital expenditure	1,600	1,800	1,500				

Source: First Quantum News Release January 16, 2023

Cash costs of copper and nickel production (C1), and all-in sustaining costs (AISC) are non-GAAP financial measures, which do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" section of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

THREE-YEAR GUIDANCE



Production

- ➤ Cobre Panamá: Includes the CP100 Expansion; first ore in Q1 2023 with ramp-up to 100 Mtpa by the end of the year
- Kansanshi: Limited S3 Expansion copper and gold production starting in H2 2025
- ➤ Enterprise: First nickel production in H1 2023 with ramp up. 2023 guidance includes 5,000 tonnes pre-commercial production

C1 cash cost¹ and AISC¹ Cost Guidance

- ➤ C1 cash cost^{1:} Reflects gold price of \$1,700-\$1,750/oz, Brent crude oil price of \$100/bbl, sulphur price of \$150/t, coal price of \$150/t and Zambian Kwacha/US dollar FX of 16.
- ➤ AISC¹: Reflects higher sustaining capital expenditure, partly mitigated by a decrease in royalties in Zambia

Project Capital in three-year guidance includes:

- ➤ \$900 million expenditures for the S3 Expansion (majority of spend to occur over 2023 and 2024)
- \$300 million pre-strip activities for South East Dome
- \$300 million additional capital expenditures at Kansanshi (including expansion of the tailings facility and smelter)
- ➤ \$650 million at Cobre Panamá (development of Colina pit, work on West Dam, purchase of additional mining fleet, expansion of camp facilities and assembly of the moly plant)
- ▶ \$200 million at Sentinel (including relocation of in-pit crusher 2 and purchase of additional mining equipment)
- \$35 million for the Enterprise nickel project

Q4 2022 ESG HIGHLIGHTS



Biodiversity



Trident hosted the National Launch of the 2022/2023 Tree Planting Season officiated by the Hon. Collins Nzovu, Minister of Green Economy and Environment, under the theme "Plant a Tree and Save the Earth"



19 hectares of land prepared

60,000 + trees raised to plant

50,000 tree seedlings planted (2021–2022)

Biodiversity



Cobre Panamá inaugurated the first in vitro culture laboratory for species of interest (SOI) where the micropropagation technique will be used to ensure their conservation

The facility will allow the conservation of SOI as well as the obtaining of healthy and virus-free plants



\$ 550,000 Invested into the laboratory

Health and Safety



150 Çayeli employees completed Basic First Aid Training equipping to respond to any potential emergency that may arise in their workplace

Çayeli mine rescue team claimed second place in the Mine Rescue competition held by the Turkish Association of Miners



2nd Place in Mine Rescue

150 Employees completed basic first aid

Award-winning Teams



North-Western Chamber of Commerce and Industry 2022 Annual Awards Gala

 The Trident Foundation received 2 awards (CSR Company of the Year and Outstanding Local Contractor Support)

6th National Conference on Occupational Health, Safety and Environment Best Mining Company for Kansanshi

- Mining Women of the Year (Wakunoli Munalula Nsofwa)
- Best Performer in Innovation (Kansanshi)
- President's Awards (Anthony Mukutuma)
- Best Performer in Environment Management (Trident)











COBRE PANAMÁ



Q4 2022 COPPER PRODUCTION

89,652t

Marginally lower than Q3 2022 on lower throughput. Record volume of ore processed in December 2022

Q4 2022 C1 CASH COSTS¹ (per lb)

\$1.63

Higher than Q3 2022 due to high labour costs and exposure to spot electricity prices

2023 COPPER PRODUCTION GUIDANCE

350-380kt

2023 gold production guidance: 140-160koz

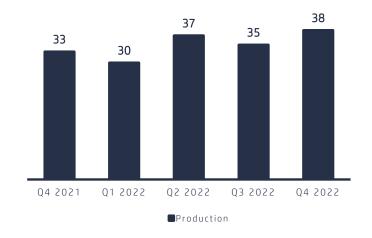
2023 Outlook

- CP100: Pre-commissioning testing has commenced with introduction of first ore in Q1 2023. Ramp up to achieve 100 Mtpa by the end of 2023
- 2023 full year grades and recoveries are expected to be consistent with 2022
- Continued focus on productivity improvements and cost saving initiatives

COPPER PRODUCTION (kt) AND C1 CASH COSTS¹ (\$/lb)



GOLD PRODUCTION (koz)



¹ C1 cash cost (Copper C1) is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

KANSANSHI



Q4 2022 COPPER PRODUCTION

34,802t

Higher than Q3 2022 due to grade improvement

Q4 2022 C1 CASH COSTS¹ (per lb)

\$2.81

Lower than Q3 2022 due to higher production volumes

2023 COPPER PRODUCTION GUIDANCE

130-150kt

2023 gold production guidance: 95-105koz

2023 Outlook

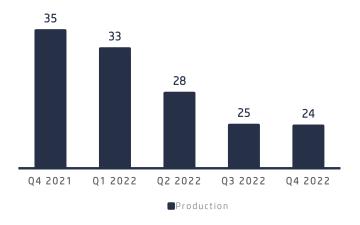
- Copper production to be similar to 2022 levels with lower oxide and sulphide grades
- Continued work on reconciliations to incorporate in near-term mine plans to further improve and optimize sequences
- S3 Expansion: Mining fleet has been procured and deliveries to commence in H2 2023

COPPER PRODUCTION (kt) AND C1 CASH COSTS¹ (\$/lb)



Note: Q4 2021 C1 cash costs include a one-time ZESCO accrual reversal of ~\$0.45 per pound

GOLD PRODUCTION (koz)



¹ C1 cash cost (Copper C1) is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

SENTINEL



Q4 2022 COPPER PRODUCTION

73,409t

Higher than Q3 2022 on record quarterly throughput, higher grades and recoveries

Q4 2022 C1 CASH COSTS¹ (per lb)

\$1.55

Lower than Q3 2022 due to higher production volumes

2023 COPPER PRODUCTION GUIDANCE

260-280kt

2023 nickel production guidance: 5-10kt (includes 5kt of pre-commercial production results)

2023 Outlook

- Operation has experienced heavy rains in January, impacting mining sequence and operations for Q1 2023
- Continued focus on mining fleet availability and productivity, and ramping up mining volumes and waste stripping to access planned higher-grade ore
- Enterprise nickel production expected to commence in H1 2023 with ramp up to full plant throughput in 2024

COPPER PRODUCTION (kt) AND C1 CASH COSTS¹ (\$/lb)





In-pit crusher at Sentinel

¹ C1 cash cost (Copper C1) is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

OTHER MINES



Las Cruces

Q4 2022 PRODUCTION: 2,229t Cu cathode Q4 2022 C1 CASH COST1: \$4.02 per lb Cu 2023 PRODUCTION GUIDANCE: 9.5kt Cu

Reprocessing of high-grade tailings is expected to continue until Q3 2023

Guelb Moghrein

Q4 2022 PRODUCTION: 3,481t Cu Q4 2022 C1 CASH COST: \$2.57 per lb Cu 2023 PRODUCTION GUIDANCE: 14kt Cu, 30koz Au Cutback 2 advancing well; to be completed Q1 2023. Stripping of Cutback 4 expected to extend mining operations to end of 2025

Pyhäsalmi

04 2022 PRODUCTION: nil 04 2022 C1 CASH COST1: nil 2023 PRODUCTION: 350kt of pyrite

Underground production ended in August; Last shipment in Q4

2022

Çayeli

Q4 2022 PRODUCTION: 2,434t Cu Q4 2022 C1 CASH COST¹: \$2.46 per lb Cu 2023 PRODUCTION GUIDANCE: 10Kt Cu, 3kt Zn

2023 Production expected to be challenging due to ground

stabilization and main ramp traffic (shaft closure) with reserve

depletion in 2026

Ravensthorpe

Q4 2022 PRODUCTION: 5,705t Ni contained Q4 2022 C1 CASH COST¹: \$9.32 per lb Ni

2023 PRODUCTION GUIDANCE: 23-28kt Ni contained

Mining focus to optimize Shoemaker-Levy through ore blend trials. Rebuild of two atmospheric leach tanks to improve recoveries and plant stability in 2023. Project life is 19 years to 2040

¹ C1 cash cost (Copper C1) is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.



Q4 2022 REVENUES AND COSTS



REALIZED COPPER PRICE¹ (per lb)

\$3.56

Up 4% quarter-over-quarter

REVENUE

\$1.8 billion

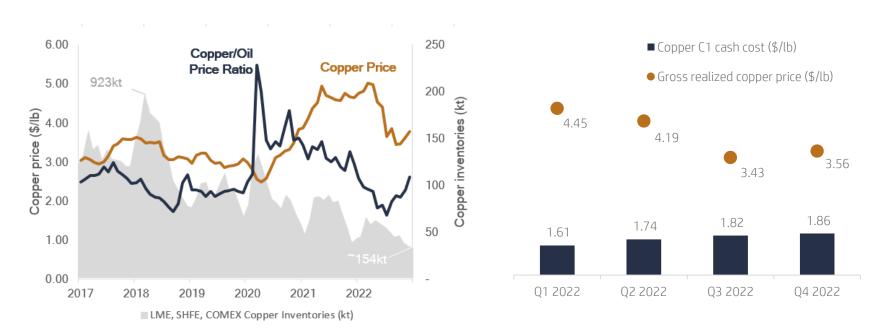
Up 6% quarter-over-quarter

COPPER C1 CASH COSTS¹ (per lb)

\$1.86

Up 2% quarter-over-quarter

- Copper price has risen since start of Q4 due to supply disruptions and relaxing of COVID-19 policies in China
- Revenues increased due to higher realized metal prices¹ for copper, gold and nickel. Copper sales flat from Q3
- Market rates for some input costs stabilized during the quarter but remain at elevated levels. Fuel and freight prices reduced slightly. There is a lag before such market changes flow through to unit costs



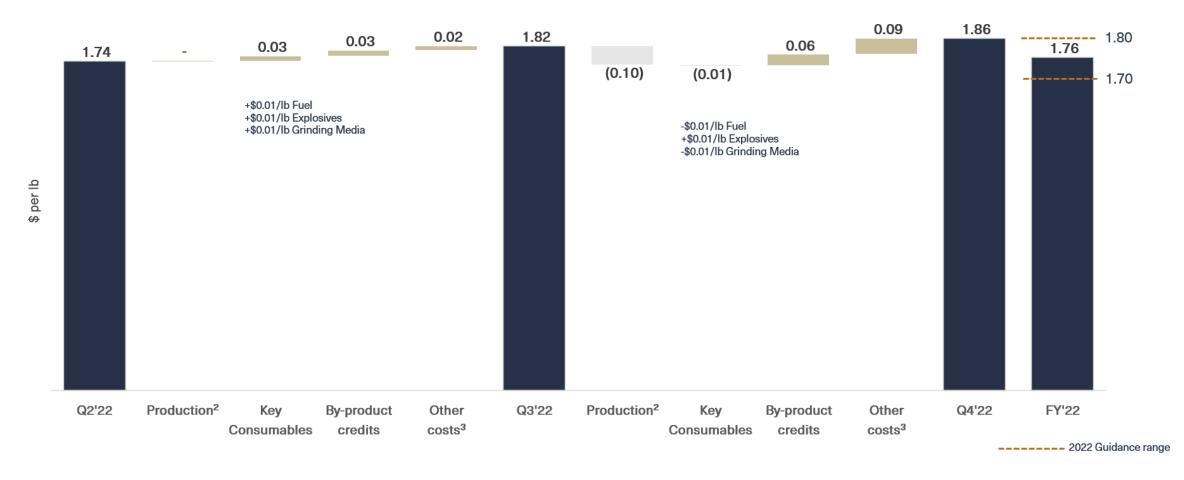
¹ C1 cash cost and realized metal prices are non-GAAP ratios. These measures do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis"

Note: Copper prices shown in charts are in 2022 real terms

COPPER C1 CASH COST¹ WATERFALL



Positive impact of higher grades was offset by higher maintenance activities coupled with lower by product credits



¹ C1 cash cost (C1) is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. The composition and reconciliations of C1 cash cost are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

² Production impact is after flexing prior quarter costs by change in grade and mill throughput.

³ Other costs includes timing of maintenance schedules and liner replacements as well as movement in contractor costs.

Q4 2022 EARNINGS AND EBITDA¹



EBITDA1

\$647 million

Up 11% quarter-over-quarter

NET EARNINGS

\$117 million

Up 4% quarter-over-quarter

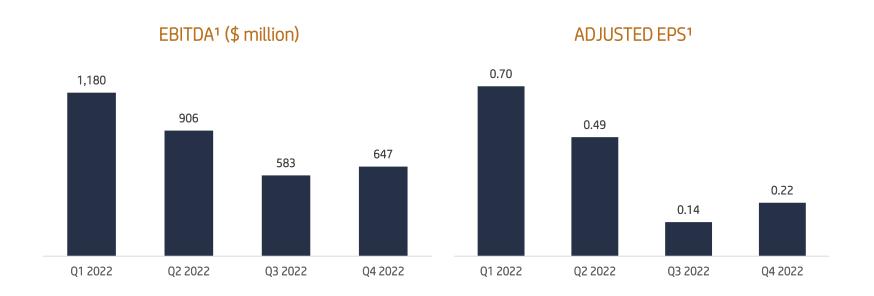
ADJUSTED EPS1

\$0.22

Up 57% quarter-over-quarter

Q4 2022 Financial Highlights

- Q4 2022 financial results benefitted from higher copper prices, but was impacted by lower gold sales and timing of maintenance spend
- EBITDA¹ increased 11% as higher prices more than offset increased costs
- Cash flow from operating activities of \$237 million

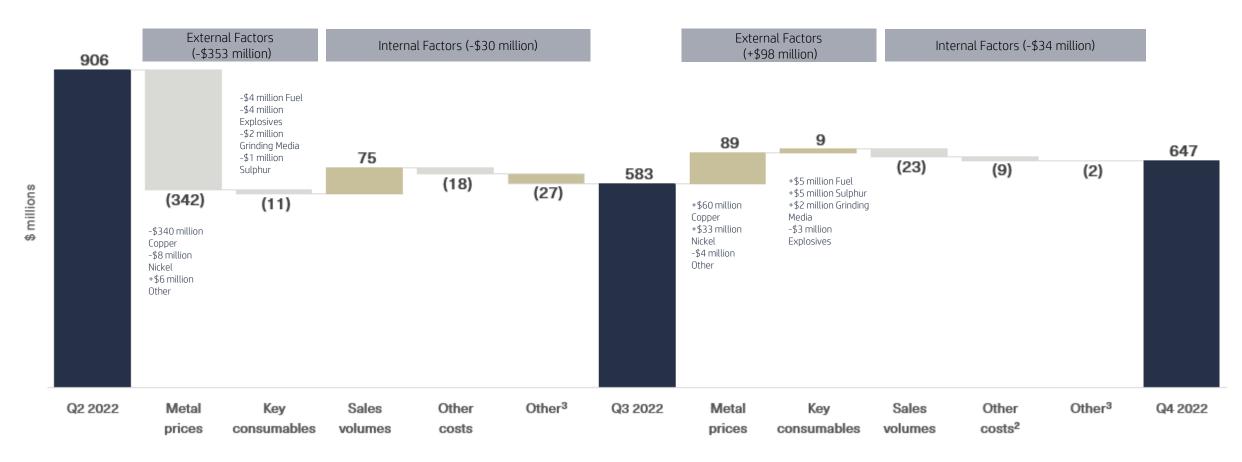


¹ EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and adjusted earnings per share ("EPS") is a non-GAAP ratio, which do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. EBITDA and adjusted earnings reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" section within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

EBITDA¹ WATERFALL



• EBITDA¹ \$64 million higher than Q3 2022, reflecting increases in copper and nickel prices



¹ EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. EBITDA was previously named comparative EBITDA, and the composition remains the same. An EBITDA reconciliation is provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

² In Q4 other costs include higher maintenance, liner and contractor costs.

³ Other relates to quarterly movements in share of JV results, corporate and exploration costs.

NET DEBT¹ EVOLUTION



- Net debt¹ decreased by \$361 million in 2022 and by \$2 billion since Q2 2020
- The \$363 million increase in Q4 2022 was driven by the timing of working capital cash flows and \$195 million dividend paid to non-controlling interests
- \$1 billion in 2023 senior notes redeemed in 2022
- \$2.2 billion in available liquidity



¹ Net debt is a supplementary financial measure which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. See "Regulatory Disclosures" section of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis. Total debt was \$7,380 million at December 31, 2022. Please see "Quarterly Net Debt Movement" slide for a table reflecting both net debt and total debt.

CAPITAL ALLOCATION PRIORITIES



PRIORITIES

RE-INVESTING IN THE BUSINESS

Sustaining and stripping capital

BALANCE SHEET PRESERVATION

Net debt reduction target increased from \$2 billion to \$3 billion

BROWNFIELD PROJECTS

Low capital-intensity projects

DIVIDEND

15% of available free cash flow inclusive of Base Dividend CDN\$0.10/share

EXCESS CASH

DEBT REPAYMENT

Further debt reduction likely post debt reduction targets achieved

INORGANIC PROJECTS

Target opportunities where First Quantum can unlock value from its technical capabilities

GREENFIELD PROJECTS

Not a current focus for capital

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL RETURNS

Only once debt reduction targets have been met

OPERATING CASH FLOW



CP100 EXPANSION



CP100 Expansion Works

- Process water upgrades
- Additional ball mill (Ball Mill 6)
- New primary screening facility and two new bypass feeders

Progress to date

- 8 additional ultra-class haul trucks commissioned; Rope shovel operational
- PPA signed for CP100 (64MW) from 100% renewable power
- Significant progress made on pre-strip and earthworks for Colina
- Construction complete
- New process water circuits and bypass feeders operational
- First ore introduced to both Ball Mill 6 and the primary screening facility

Outlook

- CP100 ore commissioning in Q1 2023
- 100 Mtpa rate by the end of 2023
- First crusher at Colina expected to be commissioned in 2024
- Molybdenum plant on site, to be installed in 2023; moly in concentrate production of 3-4 ktpa







Milling Building with completed Ball Mill 6

S3 EXPANSION



S3 Expansion Works

- Additional concentrator capacity
- Additional SAG and ball mill
- Construction of overland conveyor

Progress To Date

- Board approval in May 2022
- Long-lead items procured (primary crusher, mills and fleet)
- Engineering contractors commenced detailed designs
- Engineering commenced on Kansanshi smelter expansion; orders placed for key long-lead items

Outlook

- Mining fleet deliveries commencing H2 2023
- Limited production, expected to commence in H2 2025







Rougher Flotation Cell Pedestals

ENTERPRISE



Enterprise Works

- Main workstream is pre-strip
- 4 Mtpa processing circuit mainly constructed in 2014 as part of Sentinel

Progress To Date

- Board approval in May 2022; pre-stripping commenced
- Mine facilities (satellite administration office, workshop, fuel storage, haul road upgrade, dewatering boreholes, and other facilities) are being developed

Outlook

- Plant refurbishment, completion and commissioning activities on schedule
- First ore in H1 2023 (including precommercial production ~5kt)







Aerial View of Enterprise Pit

CAPITAL ALLOCATION - 2023 AND BEYOND



Focus on debt reduction, consistent operational performance and execution of brownfield expansions

1. Balance Sheet

Debt Reduction

- Remains a priority
- Debt reduction target increased by \$1 billion to \$3 billion
- As of December 31, 2022, Net Debt/EBITDA¹ was 1.7 times, below 2.0 times policy limit

Dividend Policy

- Minimum Annual Base Dividend of C\$0.10 per share
- Performance Dividend based on 15% of available cash flows including Base Dividend

2. Brownfield

Cobre Panamá CP100 Expansion

- On track for 100 Mtpa by end of 2023
- Copper production >400 ktpa

Kansanshi S3 Expansion

- First production expected in H2 2025
- Copper production ~250 ktpa

Enterprise Nickel Project

• First ore in H1 2023, run rate of ~30 ktpa

Las Cruces Underground

- Sanction decision not expected before the end of 2023; Conditional on prevailing market conditions
- ~45 ktpa CuEq production

3. Greenfield

Cautious approach to greenfield projects until debt reduction target achieved

Taca Taca in Argentina

- Working on improved fiscal protections
- Sanction decision not expected before 2024

Haquira in Peru

 Primary focus is to continue work with local communities

UPCOMING EVENTS



April 25, 2023	•	Q1 2023 FINANCIAL AND OPERATING RESULTS (Conference call April 26, 2023)
May 4, 2023	•	ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
May 4, 2023	•	ANALYST/INVESTOR DINNER (In-Person, Toronto)
June 13, 2023	•	INAUGURAL ESG DAY (Virtual)
June 28, 2023	•	ANALYST/INVESTOR DINNER* (In-Person, London)
July 25, 2023	•	Q2 2023 FINANCIAL AND OPERATING RESULTS (Conference call July 26, 2023)
October 25, 2023	•	Q3 2023 FINANCIAL AND OPERATING RESULTS (Conference call October 26, 2023)

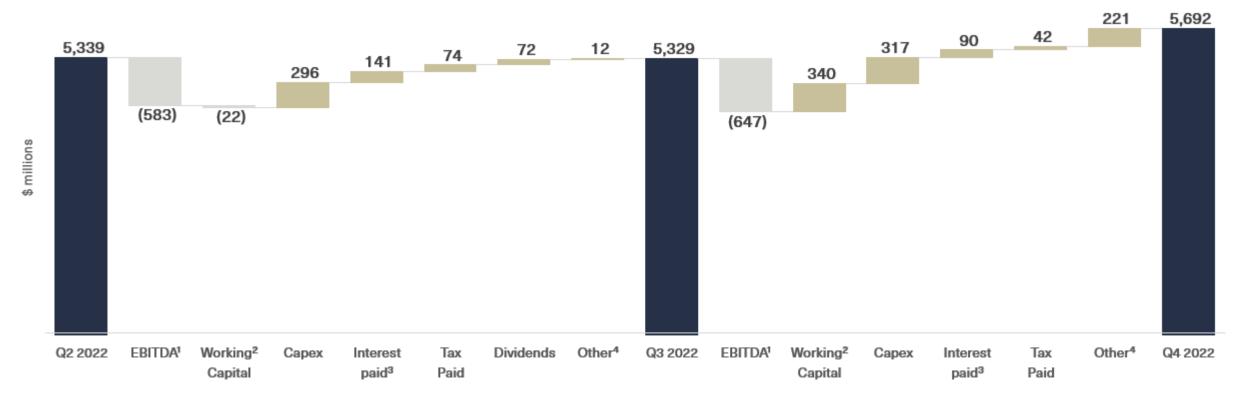
^{*} Tentative. Date to be confirmed.



QUARTERLY NET DEBT MOVEMENT



• Net debt increased by \$363 million this quarter, driven by an increase in working capital and the payment⁴ of \$195 million in dividends to non controlling interest shareholders at Kansanshi operations



¹ EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. EBITDA was previously named comparative EBITDA, and the composition remains the same. An EBITDA reconciliation is provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

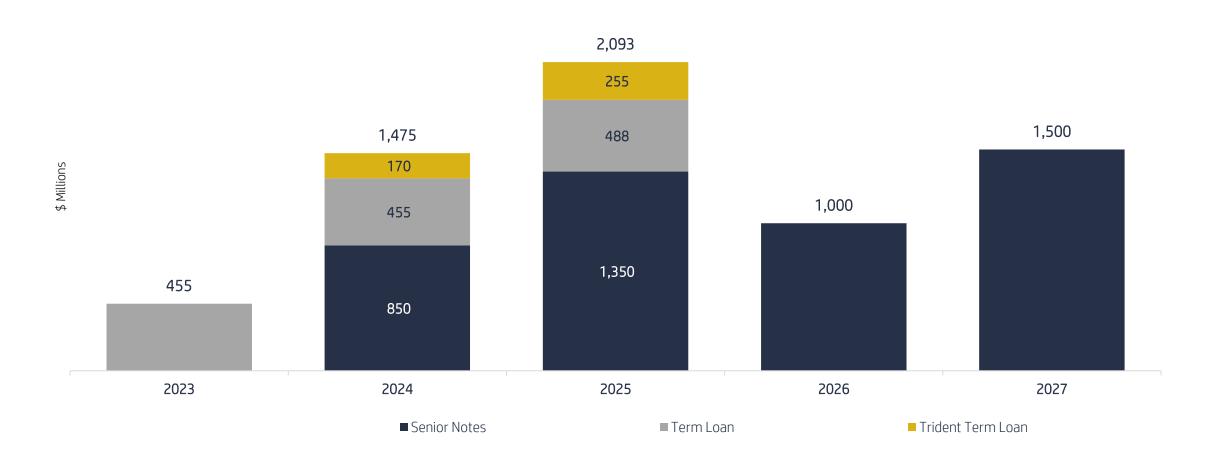
² Includes \$34 million in Q3 and \$39 million in Q4 in cash outflow for the quarter related to long-term incentive plans.

³ Interest paid includes \$7 million and \$8 million for Q3 and Q4 respectively for interest capitalized to property plant and equipment.

⁴Q3 Other includes net payments to joint venture of \$9 million, non-cash adjustments relating to amortization of gold and silver revenue of \$195 million, net payments to joint venture ("JV") of \$6 million. Q4 Other includes dividends paid to non-controlling interest of \$195 million, net payments to joint venture of \$16 million. Q4 Other includes dividends paid to non-controlling interest of \$195 million, net payments to joint venture of \$16 million.

DEBT MATURITY PROFILE AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

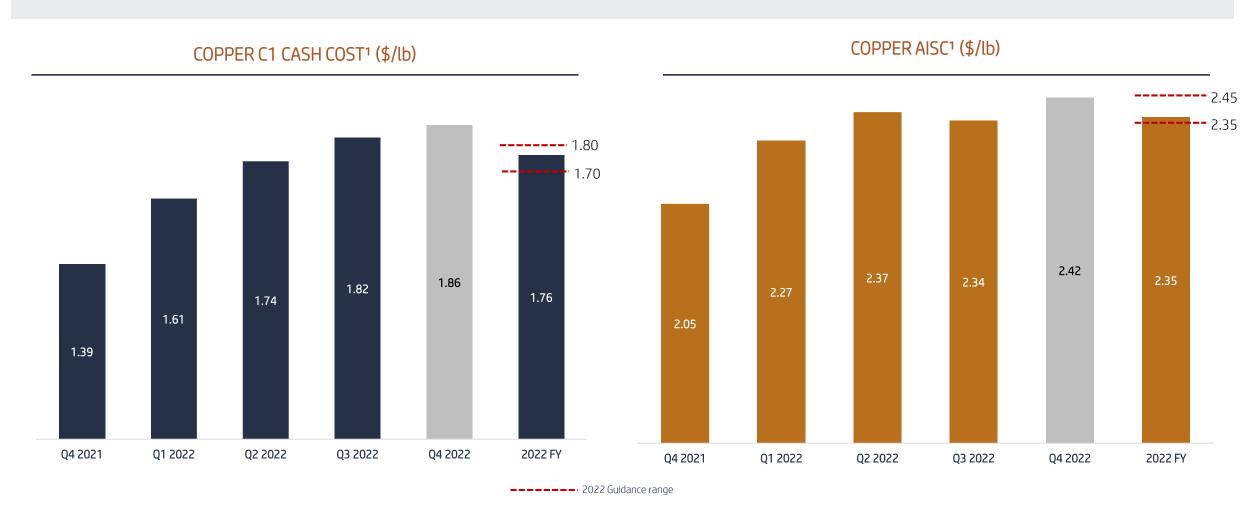




COPPER CASH COST¹ AND AISC¹



• Year-to-date copper C1 cash cost¹ and AISC¹ of \$1.76/lb and \$2.35/lb, impacted by inflationary pressures and lower production



¹ Copper all-in sustaining costs (AISC) and Copper C1 cash cost (C1) are non-GAAP ratios, and do not have standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other issuers. The composition and reconciliations of copper C1 cash cost and copper AISC are provided within the appendices. See "Regulatory Disclosures" of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY



• Financials benefitted from higher realized metal prices except cash flow from operations was impacted by increase in receivables held at year end

\$ Million (except per share numbers)	Q4 2022	Q3 2022	Q2 2022	Q1 2022	Q4 2021
Sales revenues	1,832	1,727	1,904	2,163	2,061
Gross profit	361	302	629	908	784
EBITDA ¹	647	583	906	1,180	1,085
Net earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company	117	113	419	385	247
Adjusted earnings ¹	151	96	337	480	306
Basic earnings per share \$	0.17	0.16	0.61	0.56	0.36
Adjusted earnings per share \$1	0.22	0.14	0.49	0.70	0.44
Cash flow from operating activities	237	525	904	666	760
Net debt ^{1,2}	5,692	5,329	5,339	5,815	6,053

¹ EBITDA and adjusted earnings are non-GAAP financial measures, adjusted earnings per share is a non GAAP ratio, and net debt is a supplementary financial measure. These measures do not have standardized meanings under IFRS and might not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other issuers. Adjusted earnings (loss) and EBITDA were previously named comparative earnings and comparative earnings and comparative EBITDA, respectively, and the composition remains the same. See "Regulatory Disclosures" section within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

² Net debt comprises of bank overdrafts and total debt less unrestricted cash and cash equivalents. Total debt was \$5,692 million at the end of December 31, 2022. Please see "Quarterly Net Debt Movement" slide for a table reflecting the breakdown of net debt.

QUARTERLY NET DEBT MOVEMENT



			Quarterly movement	Full Year movement
Closing Net debt ¹ at September 30 (\$ million)	(5,329)	(6,053)		
EBITDA ¹			647	3,316
Working capital ²			(340)	(345)
Capital expenditure	(317)	(1,167)		
Interest paid ³			(90)	(472)
Taxes paid			(42)	(548)
Dividends paid			-	(75)
Other ⁴			(221)	(348)
Closing net debt¹ at December 31	, 2022 (\$ million)		(5,692)	(5,692)
Net debt¹ Breakdown	Q1 2022	Q2 2022	Q3 2022	Q4 2022
Cash & cash equivalents	1,948	1,825	1,789	1,688
Total debt	(7,763)	(7,164)	(7,118)	(7,380)
Net debt ¹ balance	(5,815)	(5,339)	(5,329)	(5,692)

¹ EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure and net debt is a supplementary financial measure. These measures do not have standardized meanings under IFRS and might not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other issuers. See "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis for further information.

² Includes \$39 million for the quarter and \$129 million year-to-date outflow related to long-term incentive plans.

³ Interest paid includes \$8 million for the quarter and \$24 million year-to-date of interest capitalized to property plant and equipment.

⁴Q4 Other includes dividends paid to non-controlling interest of \$195 million, net payments to joint venture of \$15 million, offset by non-cash adjustments relating to amortization of gold and silver revenue of \$25 million and share of profit in joint venture ("JV") of \$5 million. Year-to-date Other includes dividends paid to non-controlling interests of \$255 million, net payments to joint venture of \$41 million offset by restricted cash reclassification of \$41 million, non-cash adjustments relating to amortization of gold and silver revenue of \$97 million and share of profit in joint venture ("JV") of \$45 million.

PRECIOUS METAL STREAM ARRANGEMENT



- Cobre Panamá gold and silver revenues consist of revenues derived from the sale of metals produced by the mine, as well as revenues recognized from the amortization of the precious metal stream arrangement
- Stream gold and silver revenues are indexed to copper sold from the Cobre Panamá mine, and not gold or silver production
- Stream gold and silver revenues comprise two principal elements;
 - Non-cash amortization of the deferred revenue balance,
 - Ongoing cash payments received
- Streaming arrangement obligations are satisfied with the purchase of refinery-backed gold and silver credits, the cost of which is recognized within revenues
- C1¹ and AISC¹ include the net by-product credit, inclusive of the above

Revenues (\$ millions)	Q4 2022	Q4 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021
Gold and silver revenue – ongoing cash payments	15	15	56	57
Gold and silver revenue – non-cash amortization	25	25	97	99
Total gold and silver revenues – precious metal stream	40	40	153	156
Refinery-backed credits for precious metal stream included within revenue	(58)	(61)	(229)	(237)

¹ C1 cash cost (C1), and all-in sustaining cost (AISC) are non-GAAP ratios, and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. C1 and ASIC cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also t "Regulatory Disclosures" of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

NON-GAAP EBITDA1 AND ADJUSTED EARNINGS1 RECONCILIATION



\$ Million (except per share numbers)	Q4 2022	Q4 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021
Operating profit	314	722	2,241	2,598
Depreciation	327	314	1,230	1,174
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	25	(13)	(184)	(159)
Impairment expense	-	44	-	44
Other expense (income)	(5)	12	46²	20
Revisions in estimates of restoration provisions at closed sites	(14)	6	(17)	7
EBITDA ¹	647	1,085	3,316	3,684
	Q4 2022	Q4 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021
Net earnings attributable to shareholders of the Company	117	247	1,034	832
Adjustment for expected phasing of Zambian VAT	56	(2)	190	16
Loss on redemption of debt	-	21	-	21
Total adjustments to EBITDA¹ excluding depreciation	6	49	(155)	(88)
Tax and minority interest adjustments	(28)	(9)	(5)	45
Adjusted earnings ¹	151	306	1,064	826
Basic earnings per share as reported	\$0.17	\$0.56	\$1.50	\$1.21
Adjusted earnings per share ¹	\$0.22	\$0.44	\$1.54	\$1.20

¹ EBITDA and adjusted earnings are non-GAAP financial measures and adjusted earnings per share is a non-GAAP ratio. These measures do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. EBITDA was previously named comparative EBITDA, and the composition remains the same. Adjusted earnings was previously named comparative earnings, and the composition remains the same. See "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis for further information.

² Other expenses includes a charge of \$40 million for non-recurring costs in connection with previously sold assets.

NON-GAAP MEASURES RECONCILIATION C1 AND AISC



\$ million	Q4 2022	Q4 2021	FY 2022	FY 2021
Cost of sales¹	(1,471)	(1,277)	(5,426)	(4,650)
Depreciation	327	314	1,230	1,174
By-product credits	122	142	583	599
Royalties	88	140	414	488
Treatment and refining charges	(60)	(55)	(225)	(211)
Freight costs	(17)	(12)	(54)	(51)
Finished goods	8	33	(37)	31
Other ⁴	97	50	250	112
C1 Cost ^{2,4}	(906)	(665)	(3,265)	(2,508)
General and administrative expenses	(40)	(28)	(136)	(117)
Sustaining capital expenditure and deferred stripping ³	(134)	(121)	(492)	(457)
Royalties	(88)	(140)	(414)	(488)
Lease payments	(2)	(3)	(9)	(9)
AISC ^{2,4}	(1,170)	(957)	(4,316)	(3,579)
Total copper C1 Cost per lb ^{2,4}	\$1.86	\$1.39	\$1.76	\$1.30
Total copper AISC per lb ^{2,4}	\$2.42	\$2.05	\$2.35	\$1.88
Total nickel C1 Cost per lb ²	\$9.32	\$10.93	\$8.83	\$8.59
Total nickel AISC per lb ²	\$11.10	\$11.15	\$10.45	\$9.87

¹ Total cost of sales per the Consolidated Statement of Earnings in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements.

² C1 cash cost (C1), total costs (C3) and all-in sustaining costs (AISC) are non-GAAP ratios which do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. See "Regulatory Disclosures".

³ Sustaining capital and deferred stripping are non-GAAP financial measures which do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. See "Regulatory Disclosures".

 $^{^4}$ Excludes purchases of copper concentrate from third parties treated through the Kansanshi Smelter.

EBITDA¹ SENSITIVITY

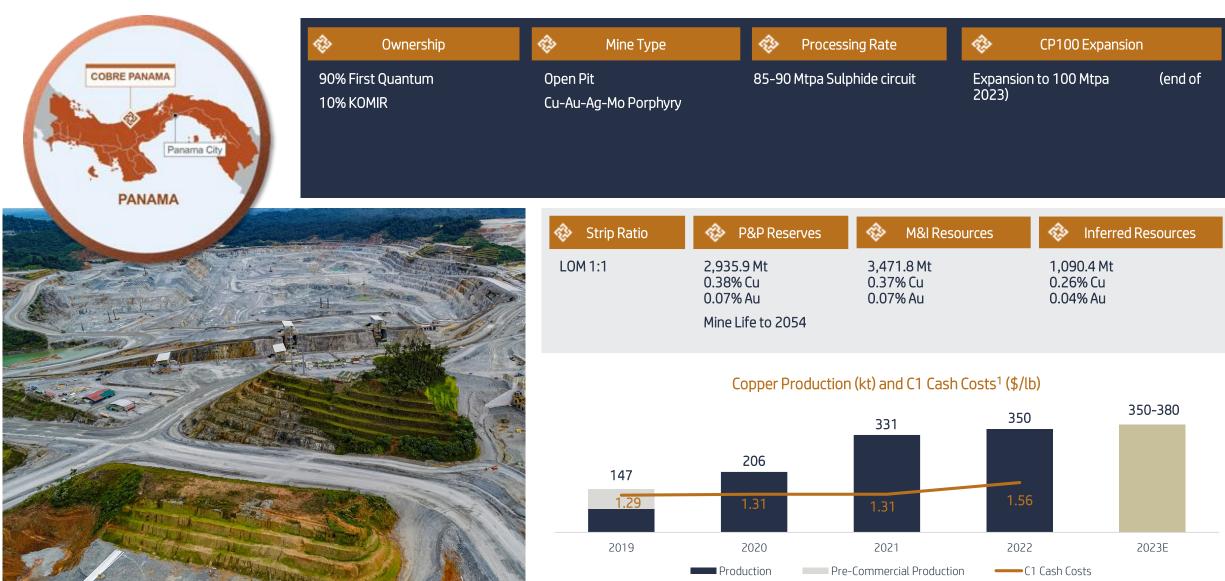


Assumption	Actual price/rate FY December 2022	Impact on FY EBITDA¹ of a 10% change in price/ rate
Copper	\$3.99/lb	\$598 million
Gold	\$1,800/oz	\$43 million
Nickel	\$11.61/lb	\$50 million
Zambian kwacha	16.92 ZMW/USD	\$25 million

¹ EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure (previously named comparative EBITDA) which does not have standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures disclosed by other issuers. See "Regulatory Disclosures" within the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis for further information.

COBRE PANAMÁ, INCLUDING CP100 EXPANSION





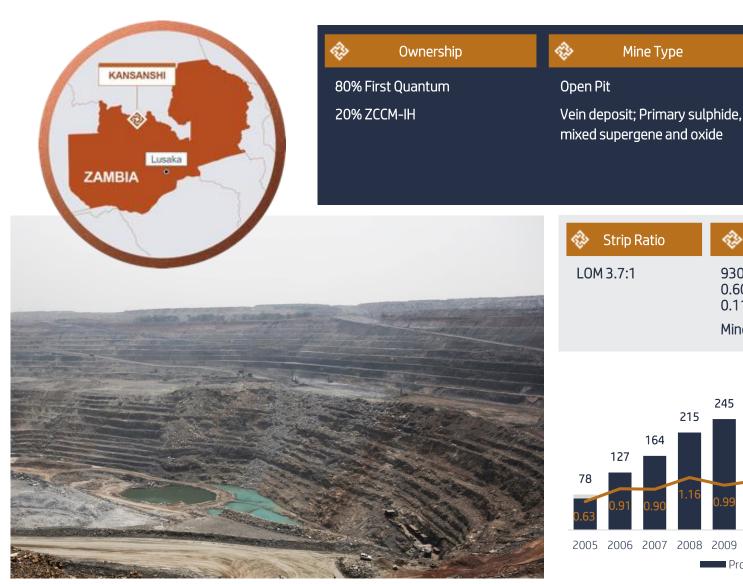
Source: First Quantum News Release January 17, 2022; 2022E guidance from News Release dated October 25, 2022; 2021 Annual Information Form; First Quantum 2019-2021 Annual Reports 2019 includes 67,704 tonnes of pre-commercial production

¹ C1 cash cost is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures or ratios disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" section of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

KANSANSHI, INCLUDING S3 EXPANSION



(First



Mine Type

Processing Rate

Ô

S3 Expansion

7 Mtpa Oxide circuit

8 Mtpa Mixed circuit

15 Mtpa Sulphide circuit

Adjacent 1.35 Mtpa smelter

S3 25 Mtpa Expansion production H2 2025)

Smelter expansion to 1.6 Mtpa

Strip Ratio

P&P Reserves

Ô

M&I Resources

Inferred Resources

LOM 3.7:1

930.5 Mt 0.60% Cu 0.11% Au

Mine Life to 2044

1,029.1 Mt 0.63% Cu 0.11% Au

166.5 Mt 0.58% Cu 0.11% Au

Copper Production (kt) and C1 Cash Costs¹ (\$/lb)



Source: First Quantum News Release January 17, 2022; 2022E guidance from News Release dated October 25, 2022; 2021 Annual Information Form; First Quantum 2005-2021 Annual Reports

1 C1 cash cost is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures or ratios disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" section of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

SENTINEL AND ENTERPRISE



(first ore

Inferred Resources

260-280

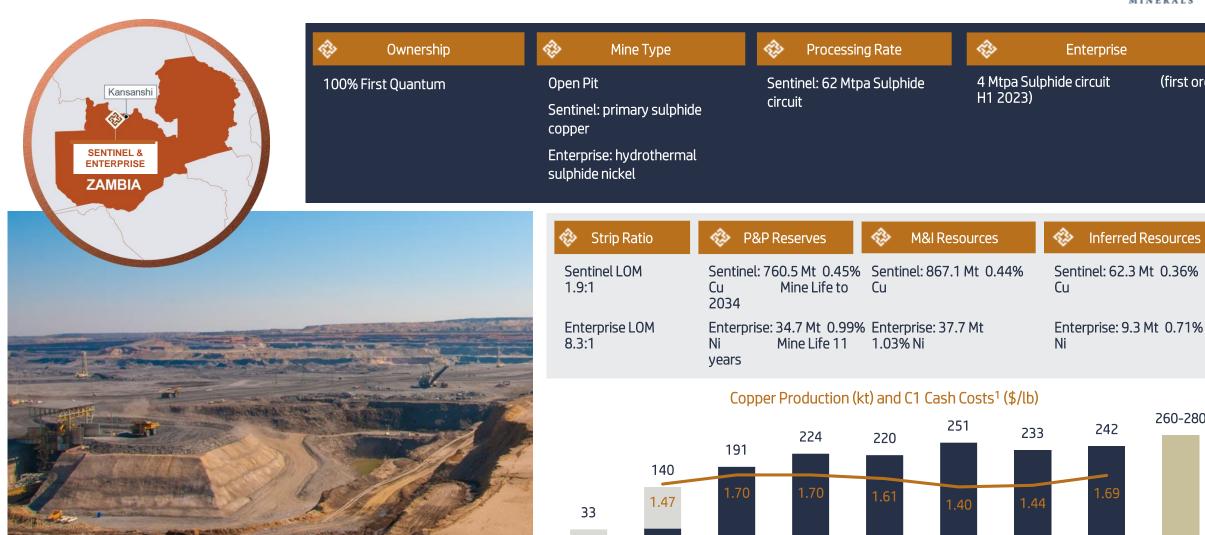
2023E

242

2022

2021

C1 Cash Costs



Source: First Quantum News Release January 17, 2022; 2022E quidance from News Release dated October 25, 2022; Trident 43-101 Technical Report March 2020; 2021 Annual Information Form; First Quantum 2015-2021 Annual Reports

2015

2017

Production

2018

2019

Pre-Commercial Production

2016

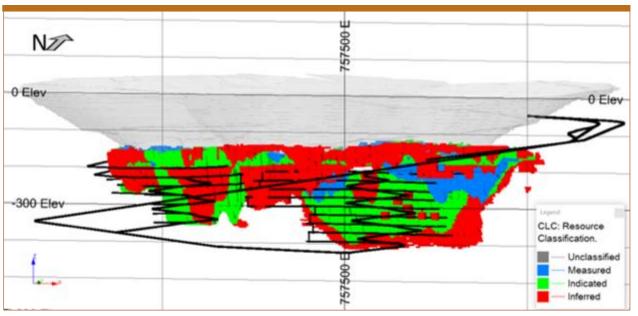
¹ C1 cash cost is a non-GAAP ratio which does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and might not be comparable to similar financial measures or ratios disclosed by other issuers. C1 cash cost reconciliations are provided in the appendices. Refer also to "Regulatory Disclosures" section of the Q4 2022 Management's Discussion and Analysis.

LAS CRUCES UNDERGROUND PROJECT



- Benefits from existing team, workforce and infrastructure
- Indicative details (not included in 3-year guidance)
 - 3-4 year development
 - Mine life >15 years
 - Annual production ~45 kt CuEq
- Environmental permits received in 2020; mine exploitation permit received in 2021; water concession permit to be granted in due course
- Further detailed technical work is being conducted to convert Mineral Resources to Mineral Reserves
- Sanction decision not expected before the end of 2023 and will be conditional on prevailing market conditions

Las Cruces Underground Resource Classification



MINERAL RESOURCE STATEMENT AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

					Co	ntained Me	etal
Classification	Tonnes (Mt)	CuEq (%)	Cu (%)	Zn (%)	Cu (kt)	CuEq (kt)	Zn (kt)
Total Measured	18.32	2.81	1.27	3.11	515	233	570
Total Indicated	17.92	2.20	1.24	1.87	394	224	333
Sub Total Measured and Indicated	36.24	2.51	1.26	2.50	910	457	904
Total Inferred	7.09	1.93	1.23	1.12	137	87	80

Source: Cobre Las Cruces 43-101 Technical Report January 2022

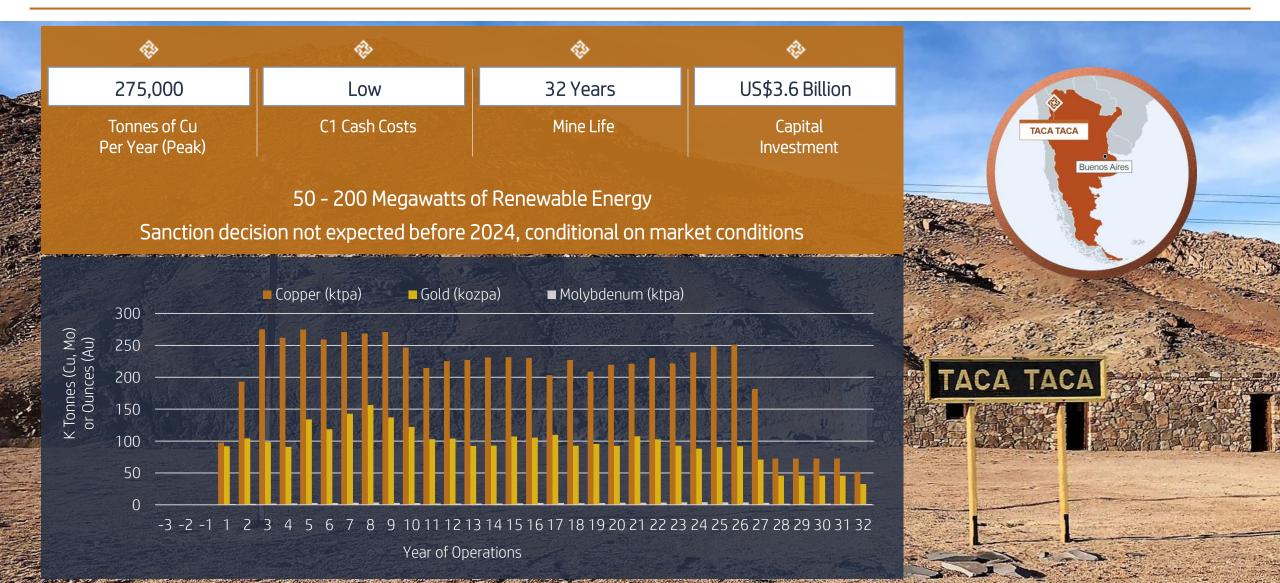
SUMMARY OF BROWNFIELD PROJECTS



	COBRE PANAMÁ plus CP100	KANSANSHI plus S3	ENTERPRISE	LAS CRUCES UNDERGROUND
Commodity	Cu, Au, Ag, Mo	Cu, Au	Ni	Cu, Zn, Pb, Ag
Mine Type	Open Pit	Open Pit	Open Pit	Underground
Total Production	400 ktpa Cu	250 ktpa Cu	30 ktpa Ni	45 ktpa CuEq
Operating Teams	• Strong team in place at Cobre Panamá	• Strong team in place at Kansanshi	Sentinel team will operate Enterprise	Strong team in place at Las Cruces
Permits	• Project underway	Project underwayKey permits in place	Project underwayKey permits in place	 Mine permit received Water authorization expected in 2022
Capital Intensity Curve Position ¹	First Quartile • Initial 85 Mtpa designed to be expandable to 100 Mtpa • E.g. Flotation circuit already installed at 100 Mtpa	First Quartile • Concrete and structural steel already in place	First Quartile • 4 Mtpa plant already built, commissioned in 2016	Second Quartile • Utilizes existing process plant from open pit operations
Cost Curve Position ¹	Second Quartile • Low strip ratio, by-product Au, Ag, Mo credits and economies of scale	Third Quartile • By-product gold credits and economies of scale	First Quartile • High-grade deposit	First Quartile • 3 distinct by-products from PMR producing strong by-product credits
Energy Source	Renewable Power	Hydro Power	Hydro Power	Solar Power
Use of Technology to Reduce Emissions	Extensive use of trolley assistIn-pit crushing and conveying	Extensive use of trolley assistIn-pit crushing and conveying	 400MW renewable with third parties 	 Patented Poly Metallurgical Refinery process Electric haulage using Rail-Veyor

TACA TACA





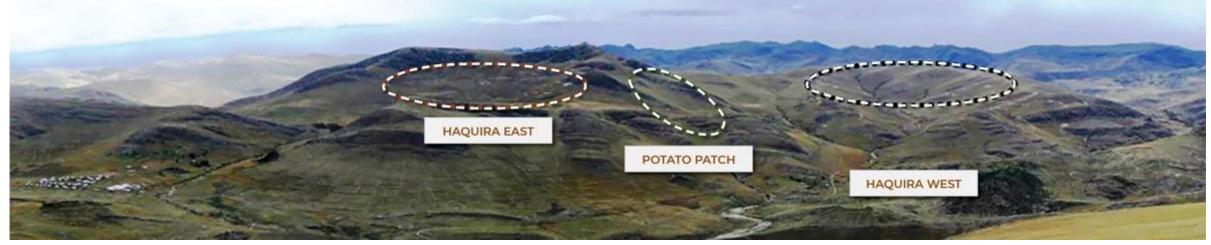
HAQUIRA OVERVIEW





Community Meeting

- Large scale porphyry copper project in Apurímac, Southern Peru
- Acquired in December 2010
- One of the world's major undeveloped copper deposits
 - M&I resource of 3.7 million tonnes of contained copper equivalent plus an inferred resource of 2.4 million tonnes of copper equivalent
 - 569 million tonnes at 0.56% Cu M&I and 406 million tonnes at 0.52% Cu Inferred
 - Discussions for land access suspended; field activities reduced.
 Resumption of discussions anticipated in late-2023
- Focus on community and environmental aspects



Haquira Property Layout

Source: Haquira PEA NI 43-101 Technical Report September 2010

